

Evion Group NL ACN 610 168 191 Corporate Governance Statement

The Company is committed to implementing the highest standards of corporate governance. In determining what those high standards should involve the Company has adopted The Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (4th Edition) as published by the ASX Corporate Governance Council on 27 February 2019.

The ASX Corporate Governance Principles articulate eight core principles of good corporate governance and for each of those principles, recommendations as to their implementation. Adoption of the recommendations is not compulsory, however under the Listing Rules of ASX Limited a listed entity is required to provide an annual statement disclosing the extent to which it has adopted the recommendations for the reporting period and if it has not adopted any of the recommendations, to state the reasons for not following the recommendations.

In line with the above, the Board has set out the way forward for the Company in its implementation of its Principles of Good Corporate Governance and Recommendations. The approach taken by the Board was to set a blueprint for the Company to follow as it introduces elements of the governance process. Due to the current size of the Company and the scale of its operations it is neither practical nor economic for the adoption of all of the recommendations approved via the Board charter. Where the Company has not adhered to the recommendations, it has stated that fact in this Corporate Governance Statement however has set out a mandate for future compliance when the size of the Company and the scale of its operations warrants the introduction of those recommendations. Date of last review and Board approval: 26 September 2025.

Principle / Recommendation	Compliance	Reference	Commentary		
Principle 1: Lay solid foundations for management and oversight					
Recommendation 1.1					
A listed entity should have and disclose a board charter setting out: (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	Yes	Board Charter and Code of Conduct available on the Company's website	To add value to the Company the Board has been formed so that it has effective composition, size and commitment to adequately discharge its responsibilities and duties. Directors are appointed based on the specific skills required by the Company and on their decision-making and judgment. The Board's role is to govern the Company rather than manage it. In governing the Company, the Directors must act in the best interests of the Company as a whole. It is the role of senior management to manage the Company in accordance with the		

Principle / Recommendation	Compliance	Reference	Commentary
	5511,511411		direction and delegations of the Board and
			the responsibility of the Board to oversee
			the activities of management in carrying out
			those delegated duties.
			those delegated daties.
			In carrying out its governance role, the main
			task of the Board is to drive the
			performance of the Company. The Board
			must also ensure that the Company
			complies with all its contractual, statutory
			and any other legal obligations, including
			the requirements of any regulatory body.
			The Board has the final responsibility for the
			successful operations of the Company. To
			assist the Board carry out its functions, it has
			developed a Code of Conduct to guide the
			Directors.
			In general, the Board is responsible for, and
			has the authority to determine, all matters
			,
			relating to the company's policies, practices,
			management and operations. It is required
			to do all things that may be necessary to be
			done to carry out the objectives of the
			Company. Without intending to limit this
			general role of the Board, the principal
			functions and responsibilities of the Board
			include the following:
			molade the following:
			Leadership of the organisation: overseeing
			the Company and establishing codes that
			reflect the values of the Company and guide
			the conduct of the Board.
			the conduct of the board.
			Stratogy Formulation: to set and review the
			Strategy Formulation: to set and review the
			overall strategy and goals for the Company
			and ensuring that there are policies in place
			to govern the operation of the Company.
			Overseeing Planning Activities: the
			development of the Company's strategic
			plan
			Chambaldan Listen and a Control
			Shareholder Liaison: ensuring effective
			communications with shareholders through
			an appropriate communications policy and
			promoting participation at general meetings
			of the Company as well as ensuring timely
			and balanced disclosures of all material
			information concerning the Company that a

Principle / Recommendation	Compliance	Reference	Commentary
			reasonable person would expect to have a
			material effect on the price or value of the
			entity's securities.
			Monitoring, Compliance and Risk
			Management: the development of the
			Company's risk management, compliance,
			control and accountability systems and
			monitoring and directing the financial and
			operational performance of the Company.
			operational performance of the company.
			Company Finances: approving expenses and
			approving and monitoring acquisitions,
			divestitures and financial and other
			reporting along with ensuring the integrity
			of the Company's financial and other
			reporting.
			Human Dagannaga na itania a tha
			Human Resources: reviewing the
			performance of Executive Officers and
			monitoring the performance of senior
			management in their implementation of the
			Company's strategy.
			Ensuring the Health, Safety and Well-Being
			of Employees: in conjunction with the
			senior management team, developing,
			overseeing and reviewing the effectiveness
			of the Company's occupational health and
			safety systems to ensure the well-being of
			all employees.
			Delegation of Authority: delegating
			, ,
			appropriate powers to the Managing
			Director to ensure the effective day-to-day
			management of the Company and
			establishing and determining the powers
			and functions of the Committees of the
			Board.
			Monitoring the effectiveness of the
			Company's corporate governance practices.
			Full details of the Board's and Company
			Secretary's roles and responsibilities are
			contained in the Board Charter. The Board
			collectively and each Director has the right
			to seek independent professional advice at
			the Company's expense, up to specified
]		the company's expense, up to specified

Principle /	Recommendation	Compliance	Reference	Commentary
		•		limits, (that limit is currently set at \$2,000),
				to assist them to carry out their
				responsibilities.
Pasamma	ndation 1.2			
		T	Γ.,	
A listed en	tity should:	Yes	Nomination Committee	Directors are appointed based on the
	rtake appropriate		Charter	specific governance skills required by the
	s before			Company. Given the size of the Company and the business that it operates, the
	nting a director or			Company aims to have at least one Director
	r executive or			with experience appropriate to the
	ng someone ard for election as a			Company's operations. The Company's
	or; and			current Directors all have relevant
	•			experience in operations. In addition,
	de security holders			Directors should have the relevant blend of
	nation in its			personal experience in:
posse	ssion relevant to a			Accounting and financial management;
decisi	on on whether or			and
	elect or re-elect a			Director-level business experience.
direct	.or.			Each member of the Board is committed to
				spending sufficient time to enable them to
				carry out their duties as a Director of the
				Company.
				In determining candidates for the Board, the
				Board, sitting as the Nomination Committee, follows a prescribed process whereby it
				evaluates the mix of skills, experience and
				expertise of the existing Board. In
				particular, the Nomination Committee is to
				identify the particular skills that will best
				increase the Board's effectiveness.
				Consideration is also given to the balance of
				independent directors. Potential candidates are identified and, if relevant, the
				Nomination Committee (or equivalent)
				recommends an appropriate candidate for
				appointment to the Board. Any
				appointment made by the Board is subject
				to ratification by shareholders at the next
				general meeting.
				Each Non-Executive Director has a written
				agreement with the Company that covers all
				aspects of their appointment including term,
				time commitment required, remuneration,
				disclosure of interests that may affect
				independence, guidance on complying with

Principle / Recommendation	Compliance	Reference	Commentary
			the Company's corporate governance policies and the right to seek independent advice, indemnity and insurance arrangements, rights of access to the Company's information and ongoing confidentiality obligations as well as roles on the Company's committees.
Recommendation 1.3			
A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	Yes	Written agreements are kept at the registered office with the Independent Professional Advice Policy	Each Director has a written, and up-to-date agreement with the Company. The Board collectively and each Director has the right to seek independent professional advice at the Company's expense, up to specified limits, (that limit is currently set at \$2,000), to assist them to carry out their responsibilities.
Recommendation 1.4		l	
The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.	Yes	Board Charter is on the Company's website	Per clause 5 of the Board Charter, the Company Secretary is accountable to the Board, through the Chairman, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the Board.
Recommendation 1.5			
A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a diversity policy; (b) through its board or a committee of the board	Partially	Diversity Policy Is on the Company's website	The Company has adopted a Diversity Policy, which allows the Board to set measurable objectives to achieve gender diversity and to assess annually the objectives and the Company's progress in achieving them.
set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board, senior executives and workforce generally; and			The overriding objective of the Diversity Policy is to align the Company's business with positive outcomes that can be achieved through a diverse workforce that recognises and utilises the contribution of its diverse skills and talent.
(c) disclose in relation to each reporting period: (1) the measurable objectives set for that period to achieve gender diversity;			The Board did not set measurable gender diversity objectives for the 2025 financial year because the Board's view that the existing Directors and senior executives have sufficient skill and experience to carry out the Company's plan.

Principle / Recommendation	Compliance	Reference	Commentary
(2) the entity's progress	22111		As at the date of this report, the Company
towards achieving			has the following proportion of women
those objectives; and			appointed:
(3) either:			
(A) the respective			• to the Board – 25%
proportions of			to senior management (including
men and women			Company Secretary) – 60%
on the board, in			• to the organisation as a whole – 50%
senior executive			
positions and			The Company recognises that the mining
across the whole			and exploration industry is intrinsically male
workforce			dominated in many operational sectors,
(including how the			particularly with operations in remote parts
entity has defined			of the globe, and the pool of women with
"senior executive"			appropriate skills can be limited in some
for these			instances. The Company recognises that
purposes); or			diversity extends to matters of age,
			disability, ethnicity, marital/family status,
(B) if the entity is a			religious/cultural background and sexual
"relevant			orientation. Where possible, the Company
employer" under			seek to identify suitable candidates for
the Workplace			positions from a diverse pool.
Gender Equality			
Act, the entity's			
most recent			
"Gender Equality			
Indicators", as			
defined in and			
published under			
that Act.			
If the entity was in the			
S&P/ASX 300 Index at the			
commencement of the			
reporting period, the			
measurable objective for			
achieving gender diversity in			
the composition of its board			
should be to have not less			
than 30% of its directors of			
each gender within a			
specified period.			

Prin	ciple / Recommendation	Compliance	Reference	Commentary
Rec	ommendation 1.6			
(a)	ted entity should: have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and	Yes	Board, Remuneration Committee and Performance Evaluation Policy	It is the policy of the Board to conduct an evaluation of its performance. The objective of this evaluation is to provide best practice corporate governance to the Company. An evaluation of the performance of the Board and its members was performed during the year ended 30 June 2025.
(b)	disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.			
Rec	ommendation 1.7			
A lis	have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of its senior executives at least once every reporting period; and disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	Yes	Board, Remuneration Committee and Performance Evaluation Procedure	It is the policy of the Board to conduct an evaluation of individual's performance. The objective of this evaluation is to provide best practice corporate governance to the Company. An evaluation of the performance of the individual's was performed during the year ended 30 June 2025.
Prin	ciple 2: Structure the Board	d to be effectiv	ve and add value	
Rec	ommendation 2.1			
The show (a)	board of a listed entity uld: have a nomination committee which:	No	Nomination Committee Charter	The Board has not established a separate Nomination Committee. Given the current size and composition of the Board, the Board believes that there would be no efficiencies gained by establishing a separate Nomination Committee.

Principle / Recommendation	Compliance	Reference	Commentary
(1) has at least three members, a majority whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the process it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence, and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.	Compliance	Keterence	Accordingly, the Board performs the role of the Nomination Committee. Items that are usually required to be discussed by a nomination committee are discussed at a separate meeting when required. When the Board convenes as the Nomination Committee it carries out those functions which are delegated to it in the Company's Nomination Committee Charter. The Board deals with any conflicts of interest that may occur when convening in the capacity of the Nomination Committee by ensuring that the Director with conflicting interests is not a party to the relevant discussions. To assist the Board to fulfil its function as the Nomination Committee Charter which describes the role, composition, functions and responsibilities of the Nomination Committee. The Board as a whole did not meet as the Nomination Committee during the year. To assist Directors with independent judgement, it is the Board's policy that if a Director considers it necessary to obtain independent professional advice to properly discharge the responsibility of their office as a Director then, provided the Director first obtains approval from the Chair for incurring such expense, the Company will pay the reasonable expenses associated with obtaining such advice.
Recommendation 2.2			
A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	Yes	Appendix A	The Company has reviewed the skill set of its Board to determine where the skills lie and any relevant gaps in skills shortages. The Company is working towards filling these gaps through professional development initiatives as well as seeking to identify suitable Board candidates for positions from a diverse pool.

Principle / Recommendation	Compliance	Reference	Commentary
Recommendation 2.3			
•	Yes	Reference Board Charter on the Company's Website and Independence Directors Assessment	As at the date of this report, the Board consisted of: Ms Heather Zampatti Role: Non-Executive Director Independent Director: Yes Appointment date: 25 October 2021 Mr David Round Role: Managing Director Independent Director: No Appointment date: 16 November 2020 Mr Warrick Hazeldine Role: Non-Executive Director Independent Director: Yes Appointment date: 2 May 2024 Mr Craig Lennon Role: Non-Executive Director Independent Director: Yes Appointment date: 2 May 2024 Whilst the Company's Managing Director is not assessed to be independent, the Board considers the appointment of Mr Round as Managing Director as appropriate as he is free of any business or other relationship that could materially interfere with or could reasonably be perceived to materially interfere with the independent exercise of their judgement. The Board considers the independence of directors having regard to the relationships listed in Box 2.3 of the Principles & Recommendation. Recommendations and the Company's materiality thresholds: The Board has agreed on the following guidelines, as set out in the Company's Board Charter, for assessing the materiality of matters: Balance sheet items are material if they have a value of more than 10% of proforma net asset.

Principle / Recommendation	Compliance	Reference	Commentary
			Profit and loss items are material if they will have an impact on the current year operating result of 10% or more.
			• Items are also material if they impact on the reputation of the Company, involve a breach of legislation, are outside the ordinary course of business, could affect the Company's rights to its assets, if accumulated would trigger the quantitative tests, involve a contingent liability that would have a probable effect of 10% or more on balance sheet or profit and loss items, or will have an effect on operations which is likely to result in an increase or decrease in net income or dividend distribution of more than 10%.
			Contracts will be considered material if they are outside the ordinary course of business, contain exceptionally onerous provisions in the opinion of the Board, impact on income or distribution in excess of the quantitative tests, there is a likelihood that either party will default and the default may trigger any of the quantitative or qualitative tests, are essential to the activities of the Company and cannot be replaced or cannot be replaced without an increase in cost which triggers any of the quantitative tests, contain or trigger change of control provisions, are between or for the benefit of related parties, or otherwise trigger the quantitative tests.
Recommendation 2.4			
A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.	Yes		The Board currently comprises a total of four directors, of whom three are considered independent.
Recommendation 2.5			
The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.	Yes		The Chairperson is an independent Director.

Principle / Recommendation	Compliance	Reference	Commentary
Recommendation 2.6			
A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and for periodically reviewing whether there is a need for existing directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.	Yes	Director Induction Program, Ongoing Education Framework	It is the policy of the Company that each new Director undergoes an induction process in which they are given a full briefing on the Company. Where possible this includes meetings with key executives, tours of the premises, an induction package, and presentations. Information conveyed to new Directors include: • details of the roles and responsibilities of a Director; • formal policies on Director appointment as well as conduct and contribution expectations; • a copy of the Corporate Governance Statement, Charters, Policies and Memos and • a copy of the Constitution of the Company. In order to achieve continuous improvement in Board performance, all Directors are encouraged to undergo continual professional development. The Board has implemented an Ongoing Education Framework.
Principle 3: Instill a culture of a Recommendation 3.1	cting lawfully,	ethically and resp	ponsibly
A listed entity should	Yes	Code of	As part of its commitment to recognising the
articulate and disclose its values.		Conduct on the Company's website	legitimate interests of stakeholders, the Company has established a Code of Conduct to guide compliance with legal and other obligations to legitimate stakeholders. These stakeholders include employees, clients, customers, government authorities, creditors, and the community as a whole.
Recommendation 3.2			
A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and	Yes	Code of Conduct on the Company's website	As part of its commitment to recognising the legitimate interests of stakeholders, the Company has established a Code of Conduct to guide compliance with legal and other obligations to legitimate stakeholders. These stakeholders include employees,

Principle / Recommendation	Compliance	Reference	Commentary
(b) ensure that the board or			clients, customers, government authorities,
a committee of the			creditors, and the community as a whole.
board is informed of any			
material breaches of			
that code.			
Recommendation 3.3	T		
A listed entity should:	Yes	Whistleblower Policy on the	The Board has adopted a whistleblower policy to ensure concerns regarding
(a) have and disclose a		Company's	unacceptable conduct can be raised on a
whistleblower policy; and		website	confidential basis. Any material breaches of
(b) ensure that the board or a			the Whistleblower Policy are to be reported
committee of the board is			to the Board.
informed of any material			
incidents reported under that policy.			
-			
Recommendation 3.4	1 ,		
A listed entity should:	Yes	Code of Conduct on the	The Board has a zero-tolerance approach to bribery and corruption and is committed to
(a) have and disclose an		Company's	acting professionally and with integrity in all
anti-bribery and		website	business dealings.
corruption policy; and			
(b) ensure that the board or			
committee of the board is informed of any material			
breaches of that policy.			
Principle 4: Safeguard the inte	grity of corpor	ate reports	
Recommendation 4.1			
The board of a listed entity	Yes		The Board has an Audit Committee, which
should:			consists of three independent, non-
(a) have an audit committee			executive directors. Whilst it is not completely structured in accordance with
which:			the Recommendation 4.1. Given the current
(1) has at least three			size and composition of the Board, the
members, all of whom are non-			Board believes that the established Audit
executive directors			Committee is sufficient to meet the
and a majority of			independence requirements of the Company as the Committee comprises only
whom are			Non-Executive Directors.
independent			The Audit Committee met twice during the
directors; and			year where all Committee members were in
(2) is chaired by an			attendance except for Warrick Hazeldine
independent director, who is not			who attended one of these meetings. The
the chair of the			Company has adopted an Audit Committee
board,			Charter which describes the role,

Principle / Recommendation	Compliance	Reference	Commentary
and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee;			composition, functions, and responsibilities of the Audit Committee. All of the Directors consider themselves to be financially literate
(4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and			and possess relevant industry experience. The Company has established procedures for the selection, appointment, and rotation of its external auditor. The Board is responsible for the initial appointment of
(5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or			the external auditor and the appointment of a new external auditor when any vacancy arises, as recommended by the Audit Committee (or its equivalent). Candidates for the position of external auditor must demonstrate complete independence from the Company through the engagement period. The Board may otherwise select an external auditor based on criteria relevant
(b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the			
processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.			to the Company's business and circumstances. The performance of the external auditor is reviewed on an annual basis by the Audit Committee (or its equivalent) and any recommendations are made to the Board.
Recommendation 4.2			
The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of	Yes	Kept at the registered office	The Managing Director and the Chief Financial Officer equivalent provide a declaration to the Board in accordance with section 295A of the Corporations Act for each financial report and assure the Board that such declaration is founded on a sound system of risk management and internal control and that the system is operating effectively in all material respects in relation to financial reporting risks.

Principle / Recommendation	Compliance	Reference	Commentary
the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively. Recommendation 4.3			•
A listed entity should disclose	Yes		Periodic financial and other reports for
its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor.			release to the market are prepared and reviewed by the Managing Director before being presented to the Board for review and approval. Such reports shall not be released to the market without this review and approval process by the executive management and the Board.
Principle 5: Make timely and b	alanced disclo	sure	
Recommendation 5.1			
A listed entity should have and disclose a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under listing rule 3.1.	Yes	Continuous Disclosure Policy on the Company's website	The Board has designated the Company Secretary as the person responsible for overseeing and coordinating disclosure of information to the ASX as well as communicating with the ASX. In accordance with the ASX Listing Rules the Company immediately notifies the ASX of information: 1. concerning the Company that a reasonable person would expect to have a material effect on the price or value of the Company's securities; and 2. that would, or would be likely to, influence persons who commonly invest in securities in deciding whether to acquire or dispose of the Company's securities.
Recommendation 5.2	L		
A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.	Yes		The Board receives all announcements prior to release.

Principle / Recommendation	Compliance	Reference	Commentary
Recommendation 5.3			
A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.	Yes		In accordance with the ASX Listing Rules the Company immediately notifies the ASX of information: 1. concerning the Company that a reasonable person would expect to have a material effect on the price or value of the Company's securities; and 2. that would, or would be likely to, influence persons who commonly invest in securities in deciding whether to acquire or dispose of the Company's securities.
Principle 6: Respect the rights of	of security hole	ders	
Recommendation 6.1			
A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	Yes	Refer to the Company's website	The Board aims to ensure that the Company's shareholders are informed of all major developments affecting the Company's state of affairs. The Company keeps its shareholders and investors informed through its website. Through its website, investors can access copies of the Company's annual, half-yearly and quarterly reports, announcements to the ASX, notices of meeting, presentations, and key media coverage.
Recommendation 6.2			
A listed entity should have an investor relations program that facilitates effective two-way communication with investors.	Yes	Shareholder Communication Policy, Continuous Disclosure Policy on the Company's website	The Company respects the rights of its shareholders and to facilitate the effective exercise of those rights the Company is committed to: • communicating effectively with shareholders through releases to the market via ASX, information mailed to shareholders and the general meetings of the Company; • giving shareholders ready access to balanced and understandable information about the Company and corporate proposals; • requesting the external auditor to attend the annual general meeting and be

Principle / Recommendation	Compliance	Reference	Commentary
			available to answer shareholder questions about the conduct of the audit and the preparation and content of the auditor's report of future Annual Reports. The Company also makes available a telephone number and email address for shareholders to make enquiries about the Company.
Recommendation 6.3			
A listed entity should disclose how it facilitates and encourages participation at meetings of security holders.	Yes	Shareholder Communication Policy	The Company respects the rights of its shareholders and to facilitate the effective exercise of those rights the Company is committed to making it easy for shareholders to participate in shareholder meetings of the Company. The Company also makes available a telephone number and email address for shareholders to make enquiries about the Company.
Recommendation 6.4			
A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.	Yes	Shareholder Communication Policy	This is disclosed in Company Notices of Meetings and at the commencement of General Meetings held.
Recommendation 6.5			
A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	Yes	Shareholder Communication Policy	Shareholders can register with the Company's share registry to receive email notifications of announcements made by the Company to the ASX. The Company also provides information through its website, enabling shareholders to email the Company and to receive announcements via email. The share registry provides the ability for the shareholders to email the share registry and to receive documents by email from the share registry.

Principle / Recommendation	Compliance	Reference	Commentary			
Principle 7: Recognise and man	age risk					
Recommendation 7.1						
The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the	No	Risk Management Policy on the Company's website	The Board has not established a separate Risk Committee, and therefore it is not structured in accordance with Recommendation 7.1. Given the current size and composition of the Board, the Board believes that there would be no efficiencies gained by establishing a separate Risk Committee. Accordingly, the Board performs the role of Risk Committee. Items that are usually required to be discussed by a Risk Committee are discussed at a separate meeting when required. When the Board convenes as the Risk Committee it carries out those functions which are delegated to it in the Company's Risk Committee Charter. The Board deals with any conflicts of interest that may occur when convening in the capacity of the Risk Committee by ensuring that the Director with conflicting interests is not a party to the relevant discussions.			
committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.			The Board as a whole did not meet as the Risk Committee during the year. Risk identification and risk management discussions occurred at several Board meetings throughout the year. To assist the Board to fulfil its function as the Risk Committee, the Company has adopted a Risk Management Policy.			

Principle / Recommendation	Compliance	Reference	Commentary
Recommendation 7.2			
The board or a committee of the board should: (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and that the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the board; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.	Yes	Risk Management Policy on the Company's website	The Board has adopted a Risk Management Policy, which sets out the Company's risk profile. Under the policy, the Board is responsible for approving the Company's policies on risk oversight and management and satisfying itself that management has developed and implemented a sound system of risk management and internal control. Under the policy, the Board delegates day-to-day management of risk to the Managing Director, who is responsible for identifying, assessing, monitoring and managing risks. The Managing Director is also responsible for updating the Company's material business risks to reflect any material changes, with the approval of the Board. In fulfilling the duties of risk management, the Managing Director may have unrestricted access to Company employees, contractors and records and may obtain
			independent expert advice on any matter they believe appropriate, with the prior approval of the Board. In addition, the following risk management measures have been adopted by the Board to manage the Company's material business
			 the Board has established authority limits for management, which, if proposed to be exceeded, requires prior Board approval; the Board has adopted a compliance procedure for the purpose of ensuring compliance with the Company's continuous disclosure obligations; and the Board has adopted a corporate governance manual which contains other
			policies to assist the Company to establish and maintain its governance practices. During the year, management regularly reported to the Board on the following

Principle / Recommendation	Compliance	Reference	e Commentary			
			categories of risks affecting the Company as			
			part of the Company's systems and			
			processes for managing material business			
			risks: operational, financial reporting,			
			sovereignty, and market-related risks.			
Recommendation 7.3						
A listed entity should disclose:	No		The Company does not have an independent			
(a) if it has an internal audit			internal audit function. Due to the nature			
function, how the			and size of the Company's operations, and			
function is structured			the Company's ability to derive substantially			
and what role it			all of the benefits of an independent			
			internal audit function, the expense of an			
performs; or			independent internal auditor is not			
(b) if it does not have an			considered to be appropriate.			
internal audit function, that fact and the			The Board performs all key elements of an			
processes it employs for			internal audit function, including:			
evaluating and			- evaluating and obtaining assurance that			
continually improving			risk management, control and			
the effectiveness of its			governance systems are operating as			
			intended;			
governance, risk			- evaluating regulatory compliance			
management and			programs with consultation from			
internal control			external legal counsel; and			
processes.			- evaluating information security and			
Recommendation 7.4			associated risk exposures.			
A listed entity should disclose	Yes		The Company has considered its economic,			
whether it has any material			environmental and social sustainability risks			
exposure to environmental or			by way of internal review and has concluded			
social risks and, if it does,			that it is not subject to material economic,			
· · · · ·			environmental and social sustainability risks.			
how it manages or intends to			,			
manage those risks.						
Principle 8: Remunerate fairly	and responsib	lv				
Recommendation 8.1		•				
The board of a listed entity	Yes	Remuneration	The Board has established a separate			
should:		Committee Charter	Remuneration Committee comprising three			
(a) have a remuneration		Citartel	Non-Executive Directors.			
committee which:			The Remuneration Committee met twice			
(1) has at least three						
members, a majority			during the year, where all Committee			
of whom are			members were in attendance except for			
			Craig Lennon who attended one of these			
independent			meetings. To assist the Board to fulfil its			
directors; and			function as the Remuneration Committee,			

Principle / Recommendation	Compliance	Reference	Commentary
(2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.	Compliance	Reference	the Company has adopted a Remuneration Committee Charter which describes the role, composition, functions and responsibilities of the Remuneration Committee. To assist Directors with independent judgement, it is the Board's policy that if a Director considers it is necessary to obtain independent professional advice to properly discharge the responsibility of their office as a Director then, provided the Director first obtains approval from the Chairman for incurring such expense, the Company will pay the reasonable expenses associated with obtaining such advice.
Recommendation 8.2			
A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	Yes	Remuneration Policy	Details of remuneration, including the Company's policy on remuneration, are contained in the Remuneration Report which forms part of the Annual Report. The remuneration of Non-Executive Directors is set by reference to payments made by other companies of similar size and industry, and by reference to the Director's skills and experience. Given the Company is at its early stage of development, the Company considers it is appropriate to issue unlisted performance rights to Non-Executive Directors, subject to obtaining the relevant approvals. The Remuneration Policy

Principle / Recommendation	Compliance	Reference	Commentary
	Compliance	Reference	is subject to annual review. All Directors' performance right holdings are fully disclosed in the Remuneration Report within the Annual Report. Executives' pay and rewards consist of a fixed remuneration (this includes cash salary and superannuation) and performance incentives. Long-term performance incentives may include performance rights granted at the discretion of the Board and subject to obtaining the relevant approvals. The grant of performance rights is designed to recognise and reward efforts. Upon successful completion of performance hurdles attached to the performance rights, they are exercised and converted into the Company's ordinary shares. Executives are offered a competitive level of base pay at market rates (for comparable companies) and are reviewed annually to ensure market competitiveness.
Recommendation 8.3 A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should: (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	Yes	Remuneration Policy	Executives and Non-Executive Directors are prohibited from entering transactions or arrangements, which limit the economic risk of participating in unvested entitlements.



Appendix A - Board Skills Matrix

Director	Heather Zampatti	David Round	Warrick Hazeldine	Craig Lennon
	Non-Executive	Managing	Non-Executive	Non-Executive
	Director	Director	Director	Director
Term Expiration Date	November 2026	Not subject to	November 2027	November 2027
	(by rotation)	retirement by	(by rotation)	(by rotation)
		rotation		
Length of service - commencement	October 2021	November 2020	May 2024	May 2024
Skills and Experience				
ASX Listed Board of Director Experience	✓	✓	✓	✓
International Experience	✓	✓	✓	✓
Complex Organisation Experience	✓	✓	✓	✓
Financial Specialism – including capital markets, corporate finance,	✓	✓	✓	✓
restructuring				
Exploration Sector Experience	✓	✓	✓	✓
Mine construction/development	Х	✓	✓	✓
Mining Experience	Х	✓	✓	✓
Country Experience - Africa	Х	✓	✓	✓